# JOB CORPS ANNUAL HEALTH AND WELLNESS PROGRAM REPORT PROGRAM YEAR 2003

The purpose of this report is to provide data on the Job Corps health and wellness program for Program Year 2003 (July 1, 2003 through June 30, 2004).

In the past the health and wellness reports were submitted separately and at different times. To consolidate information all health and wellness reports will be released in a combined annual report. The summary report is divided into the following sections: Chlamydia, Trainee Employee Assistance Program (TEAP), Medical Separations, and Student Deaths; a detailed TEAP report, which includes national, regional and center data, can be found at <a href="http://www.jobcorpshealth.com">http://www.jobcorpshealth.com</a>, click on *Health Program Documents*.

Center Directors should distribute copies of this report to their health and wellness staff. If you have any questions, please contact Barbara Grove, RN, at (202) 693-3116.

## Chlamydia

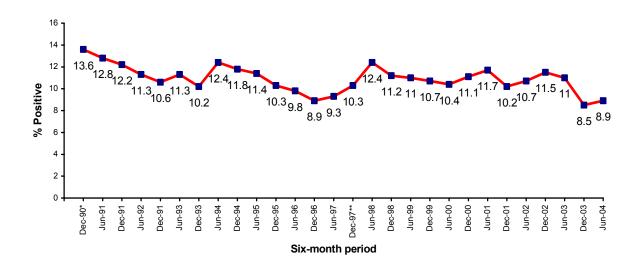
During PY 2003, 37,335 students were tested for chlamydia with 3,051 positive results for a rate over 8 percent.

The following table shows the findings by gender and test category for PY 2003.

Positive Rates by Gender and Category for PY 2003								
Test Category	Gender not indicated on test		Males <sup>1</sup>		Females		Total	
rest Gategory	Number Tested	Percent Positive	Number Tested	Percent Positive	Number Tested	Percent Positive	Number Tested	Percent Positive
No category provided	588	9.9%	483	7.7%	310	8.1%	1,381	8.7%
Asymptomatic on entry Symptomatic on entry	110 13	9.1% 7.7%	33,468 939	8.0% 13.1%	19,158 453	10.0% 10.4%	52,736 1,405	8.7% 12.2%
Symptomatic after entry Retests <sup>2</sup> after entry	11 6	9.1% 16.7%	1,412 1,033	11.0% 5.0%	2,755 1,005	7.9% 5.8%	4,178 2,044	9.0% 5.4%
TOTAL	728	9.8%	37,335	8.2%	23,681	9.5%	61,744	8.7%

The graph below shows an overall decline in the rate of positive tests over a 14-year period.

## Job Corps Chlamydia Data Period: May 1990 through June 2004



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> As of July 1, 2003, all males are now screened for chlamydia. (Before 7/1/03, males were first screened for leukocyte esterase (LE); if LE was positive, a urethral specimen was tested for chlamydia.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Retests are ordered by the center physician as a test for cure after treatment has been given or where the previous result has been an indeterminate. An indeterminate result occurs when the chlamydia organism is not definitely detected.

<sup>\* 7-</sup>month period (May 1990 – December 1990)

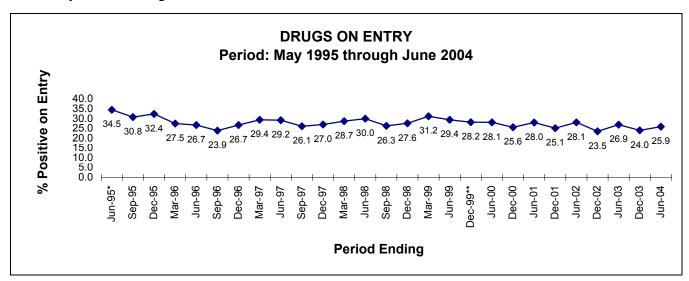
## **Trainee Employee Assistance Program (TEAP)**

## Drug Use on Entry

During PY 2003, 25 percent of students tested positive for drugs on entry. Of those tested, over 23 percent were positive for single drug use and almost 2 percent were positive for multiple drug use; over 88 percent tested positive for THC (marijuana) use and over 11 percent were positive for cocaine, opiates, PCP, or amphetamines.

Drug Use on Entry for PY 2003				
Entry Drug Tests				
Tested	63,440			
Percent Positive	25.0%			
Drugs Used				
Percent THC	88.8%			
Percent Cocaine	4.7%			
Percent Opiates	0.3%			
Percent Other <sup>3</sup>	6.3%			
Single and Multiple Drug Use				
Percent Positive 1 drug	23.4%			
Percent Positive > 1 drug	1.6%			

The following graph shows the irregular decrease of the positive drug tests on entry from May 1995 through June 2004.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>i.e., PCP, amphetamines

<sup>\*</sup> ZT Policy began in May 1995; period for May 1995 – June 1995

<sup>\*\*</sup> Reporting period changed from 3 months to 6 months

## 45-Day Probationary Period Drug Tests

During PY 2003, of students tested at the end of the 45-day probationary period, 16.8 percent were positive.

	PY 2003			
45-Day Probationary Period Drug Tests				
Number Tested	13,647			
Percent Positive	16.8%			

## Suspicion Drug and Alcohol Tests

During PY 2003, of students tested for drugs because of suspicious behavior, over 41 percent were positive; of students tested for alcohol because of suspicious behavior, approximately 75 percent were positive.

	PY 2003			
Suspicion Drug Tests				
Number Tested	9,890			
Percent Positive	41.4%			
Suspicion Alcohol Tests				
Number Tested 6,204				
Percent Positive	74.6%			

A detailed TEAP report, which includes national, regional, and center data for PY 2003 can be accessed at <a href="www.jobcorpshealth.com">www.jobcorpshealth.com</a>, click on *Health Program Documents*.

#### **Medical Separations**

The number of medical separations for PY 2003 totaled 2,035, a figure close to the 2,078 separations in PY 2002.

- Medical separations accounted for 3.2 percent of all Job Corps separations
- Pregnancy-related separations accounted for 22 percent of all medical separations
- Physical disease and injury separations accounted for 21 percent of all medical separations
- Mental health separations accounted for 40 percent of all medical separations
- Substance abuse separations accounted for 6 percent of all medical separations
- Miscellaneous separations accounted for the remaining 11 percent of all medical separations

The following table is a summary of the medical separation data for PY 2001 through PY 2003.

Summary of Medical Separation Data PY 2001 through PY 2003						
Category PY 2001 PY 2002 PY 20						
Pregnancy	21%	20%	22%			
Physical	23%	21%	21%			
Mental Health	38%	40%	40%			
Substance Abuse	6%	7%	6%			
Miscellaneous	12%	12%	11%			
Total Medical Separations	2,031	2,078	2,035			
Percent of Total Job Corps Separations	3.0%	3.2%	3.2%			
ALOS (Days) Medical Separations	114	135	138			
ALOS (Days) Total Job Corps	231	230	237			

The table below shows the medical separation data for PY 2003.

Job Corps Medical Separation Data for PY 2003				
Medical Separations and Corresponding SPAMIS Codes	Total	% of Medical Separations	ALOS	
Pregnancy				
Normal Pregnancy (V22.2)	346	17.0	234	
Complications of Pregnancy (630-679)	109	5.4	152	
Subtotal Pregnancy/Average ALOS	455	22.4	214	
Physical				
Infectious and Parasitic Diseases (001-139)	20	<1	103	
Neoplasms (140-239)	3	<1	97	
Endocrine Disorders (240-269)	37	1.8	82	
Other Metabolic and Immunity Disorders (270-279)	2	<1	61	
Diseases of the Blood and Blood-Forming Organs (280-289)	13	<1	94	
Nervous System and Sense Organs (320-389)	2	<1	116	
Circulatory System (390-459)	15	<1	79	
Respiratory System (460-519)	5	<1	132	
Digestive System (520-579)	56	2.8	142	
Genitourinary System (580-629)	21	1.0	106	
Skin and Subcutaneous Tissue (680-709)	17	<1	167	
Musculoskeletal System and Connective Tissue (710-739)	50	2.5	163	
Symptoms, Signs, and III-Defined Conditions (780-799)	84	4.0	105	
Injury and Poisoning (800-999)	111	5.5	153	
Subtotal Physical/Average ALOS	436	21.1	128	

Job Corps Medical Separation Data for PY 2003				
Medical Separations and Corresponding SPAMIS Codes	Total	% of Medical Separations	ALOS	
Mental Health				
Personality Disorders and Behavior Problems (301.00-302.85; 307.10-310.10; 312.00-315.31)	205	10.0	100	
Psychosis/Affective Disorders (295.10-298.90; 300.40; 311.00)	458	22.5	111	
Cognitive Disorder (294.90)	4	<1	56	
Anxiety (300.00-300.30; 300.60-300.81)	33	1.6	75	
Unspecified Mental Disease (300.90)	35	1.7	100	
Learning Disorder (315.90)	2	<1	379	
Mental Retardation (317.00-318.10)	5	<1	27	
Noncompliance with Medical Treatment (V15.81)	59	2.8	124	
Parent-Child Problem (V61.20)	6	<1	241	
Borderline Intellect (V62.83)	1	<1	29	
No Diagnosis on Axis (V71.09)	4	<1	109	
Subtotal Mental Health/Average ALOS	812	39.9	108	
Substance Abuse				
Substance Abuse (291-292.90; 303.00-305.9)	117	5.8	84	
Subtotal Substance Abuse/Average ALOS	117	5.8	84	
Miscellaneous				
Bereavement (V62.82)	4	<1	109	
No Medical Code (000.00)	0	0	0	
Other (999.99)	211	10.4	142	
Subtotal Miscellaneous/Average ALOS	215	11.0	141	
Total Job Corps Separations	63,706			
Total Medical Separations	2,035	]		
Percentage of Total Job Corps Separations	3.2%			
ALOS All Medical Separations	138	1		
ALOS Total Job Corps	237	1		

#### **Student Deaths**

In PY 2003, a total of 64,336 students enrolled in the 118 Job Corps centers. During that period, 22 deaths from 20 centers occurred and were reported to the National Office. This number is an increase compared to the deaths reported in PY 2000 (13), 2001 (20), and PY 2002 (13).

Most Job Corps deaths were accidental (10); 4 were homicides, 4 were medical, 2 were AODA/TEAP related, and 2 were suicide. The 10 accidental deaths included 7 from motor vehicle accidents and 3 from drowning. The 4 homicide deaths included 3

gunshot wounds and a strangulation. The 4 medical deaths were from a blood disorder, bacteremia/meningitis, liver transplant surgery, and an arrhythmia. The 2 AODA/TEAP-related deaths were from huffing and methadone toxicity. The 2 suicide deaths were from being hit by a train and gunshot wound.

The following table provides additional information on student deaths for PY 2000 though PY 2003.

Student Deaths PY 2000 through PY 2003						
	PY 2000	PY 2001	PY 2002	PY 2003		
Cause of Death						
Accidental Injury	10	10	5	10		
Homicide	2	2	2	4		
Suicide	1	1	4	2		
Medical	0	3	2	4		
AODA/TEAP	-	2	0	2		
Unknown	-	2	0	0		
Total	13	20	13	22		
Location						
Off Center	11	18	10	21		
On Center	2	2	3	1		
Total	13	20	13	22		
Status at Time of Deatl	ı					
On Pass	2	3	3	4		
On Leave	2	3	5	7		
AWOL	5	3	2	0		
On center, on duty	2	3	2	2		
Off center, on duty	2	8	1	3		
Off center, off duty	0	0	0	4		
Nonresidential, off duty	0	0	0	0		
Other	0	0	0	1		
Unknown	0	0	0	1		
Total	13	20	13	22		
Gender						
Male	11	15	8	13		
Female	2	5	5	9		
Total	13	20	13	22		